

Viggo Brun's Algorithm applied to; $8ve = 7$, $5th = 4$
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	<u>8ve</u> <u>7</u>	<u>5th</u> <u>4</u>		<u>8ve</u> <u>7</u>	<u>5th</u> <u>4</u>	<u>MOS</u>	<u>Dif.</u>
<u>7</u>			<u>7</u>	1	0	1	
<u>4</u>			<u>4</u>	0	1	1	$\frac{0}{1}$
<u>7</u>	1	0	<u>3</u>	1	0	1	
<u>4</u>	0	1	<u>4</u>	1	1	2	$\frac{1}{1}$
<u>4</u>	1	1	<u>1</u>	1	1	2	
<u>3</u>	1	0	<u>3</u>	2	1	3	$\frac{1}{2}$
<u>3</u>	2	1	<u>2</u>	2	1	3	
<u>1</u>	1	1	<u>1</u>	3	2	5	$\frac{1}{2}$
<u>2</u>	2	1	<u>1</u>	2	1	4	$\rightarrow$ Tol. $\frac{1}{2}$
<u>1</u>	3	2	<u>1</u>	5	3	7	

	<u>8ve</u> <u>5</u>	<u>5th</u> <u>3</u>		<u>8ve</u> <u>5</u>	<u>5th</u> <u>3</u>	<u>MOS</u>	<u>Dif.</u>
			<u>5</u>	1	0	1	
			<u>3</u>	0	1	1	$\frac{0}{1}$
<u>5</u>	1	0	<u>2</u>	1	0	1	
<u>3</u>	0	1	<u>3</u>	1	1	2	$\frac{1}{1}$
<u>3</u>	1	1	<u>1</u>	1	1	2	
<u>2</u>	1	0	<u>2</u>	2	1	3	$\frac{1}{2}$
<u>2</u>	2	1	<u>1</u>	2	1	3	$\rightarrow$ Tol. $\frac{1}{2}$
<u>1</u>	1	1	<u>1</u>	3	2	5	

Brun's algorithm applied to; 8ve.=9, 5th=5.

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<u>8ve</u> <u>9</u>	<u>5th</u> <u>5</u>		<u>8ve</u> <u>9</u>	<u>5th.</u> <u>5</u>	<u>MOS</u>	<u>Freshman</u> <u>Difference</u>
			<u>9</u> <u>5</u>	1 0	0 1 $\frac{1}{1}$	
<u>9</u> <u>5</u>	1 0	0 1	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	1 1	0 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{0}{1}$
<u>5</u> <u>4</u>	1 1	1 0	<u>1</u> <u>4</u>	1 2	1 1 $\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{1}$
<u>4</u> <u>1</u>	2 1	1 1	<u>3</u> <u>1</u>	2 3	1 2 $\frac{3}{5}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
<u>3</u> <u>1</u>	2 3	1 2	<u>2</u> <u>1</u>	2 5	1 3 $\frac{4}{7}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
<u>2</u> <u>1</u>	2 5	1 3	<u>1</u> <u>1</u>	2 7	1 4 $\frac{5}{9}$	$\frac{1}{2}$

Brun Algorithm where $8ve = 12$ and 5th(generator) = 7

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$8ve$
12

Gen
7

$8ve.$
12

$gen.$
7

2-Interval Pattern
(MOS)

Freshman
Difference

12

1

0

1

7

0

1

1

← SORT

$\frac{0}{1}$

$\frac{y_1}{x_1}$

?

(a) 12

$x_1, 1 \quad y_1, 0$

$(a-b)$

5

$x_1, 1$

$y_1, 0$

1

$2y_1 + y_2$

(b) 7

$x_2, 0 \quad y_2, 1$

b

7

$x_1 + x_2$

$y_1 + y_2$

2

$2x_1 + x_2$

$\frac{1}{1}$

7

1

1

2

1

1

2

5

1

0

5

2

1

3

$\frac{1}{2}$

5

2

1

3

2

1

3

2

1

1

2

3

2

5

$\frac{1}{2}$

3

2

1

-2

1

2

1

4

2

3

2

2

5

3

7

→ Tol.

$\frac{3}{5}$

2

5

3

$c-2$

1

5

3

7

1

2

1

$d-2$

1

7

4

12

Brun Algorithm where $8ve = 12$ and 5th(generator) = 7
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	8ve 12	Gen 7		8ve. 12	gen. 7	2-Interval Pattern (MOS)	Freshman Difference
				12	1 0	1	
				7	0 1	1	
			← SORT				$\frac{0}{1} \frac{y_1}{x_1} ?$
(a)	12	$x_1, 1 \ y_1, 0$	$(a-b)$	5	$x_1, 1 \ y_1, 0$	1 $2y_1 + y_2$	
(b)	7	$x_2, 0 \ y_2, 1$	b	7	$x_1 + x_2, 1 \ y_1 + y_2, 1$	2 $2x_1 + x_2$	
			←				$\frac{1}{1}$
	7	1 1		2	1 1	2	
	5	1 0		5	2 1	3	
							$\frac{1}{2}$
	5	2 1		3	2 1	3	
	2	1 1		2	3 2	5	
							$\frac{1}{2}$
	3	2 1	-2	1	2 1	4	
	2	3 2		2	5 3	7	
							$\frac{3}{5}$
	2	5 3	$c-2$	1	5 3	7	→ Tol.
	1	2 1	$d-2$	1	7 4	12	

Formula of above

A	x_1	y_1
B	x_2	y_2

sort by placing
 larger of A or B
 at the top and treat
 as A

A	x_1	y_1
B	x_2	y_2



A-B	x_1	y_1
B	$x_1 + x_2$	$y_1 + y_2$

$$\frac{2y_1 + y_2}{2x_1 + x_2}$$

sort again
 and repeat

Brun, Where 5th = 11 and 8ve. = 19

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8ve
19

5th
11

8ve
19

5th
11

MOS

F. Dif.

19

1

0

1

11

0

1

1

$\frac{0}{1}$

19

1

0

8

1

0

1

11

0

1

11

1

1

2

$\frac{1}{1}$

11

1

1

3

1

1

2

8

1

0

8

2

1

3

$\frac{1}{2}$

8

2

1

5

2

1

3

3

1

1

3

3

2

5

$\frac{1}{2}$

5

2

1

2

2

1

4

3

3

2

3

5

3

7

$\frac{3}{5}$

3

5

3

1

5

3

7

2

2

1

2

7

4

12

$\frac{4}{7}$

2

7

4

1

7

4

11

1

5

3

1

12

7

19

Brun Algorithm where 8ve = 31 and 5th = 18
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<u>8ve</u> <u>31</u>	<u>5th</u> <u>18</u>		<u>8ve</u> <u>31</u>	<u>5th</u> <u>18</u>	<u>MOS</u> <u>CODE</u>	<u>F. Dif.</u>
-------------------------	-------------------------	--	-------------------------	-------------------------	---------------------------	----------------

			<u>31</u>	1	0	<u>1</u>	
			<u>18</u>	0	1	<u>1</u>	
							<u>0</u> 1
<u>31</u>	1	0	<u>13</u>	1	0	<u>1</u>	
<u>18</u>	0	1	<u>18</u>	1	1	<u>2</u>	
							<u>1</u> 1
<u>18</u>	1	1	<u>5</u>	1	1	<u>2</u>	
<u>13</u>	1	0	<u>13</u>	2	1	<u>3</u>	
							<u>1</u> 2
<u>13</u>	2	1	<u>8</u>	2	1	<u>3</u>	
<u>5</u>	1	1	<u>5</u>	3	2	<u>5</u>	
							<u>1</u> 2
<u>8</u>	2	1	<u>3</u>	2	1	<u>4</u>	
<u>5</u>	3	2	<u>5</u>	5	3	<u>7</u>	
							<u>3</u> 5
<u>5</u>	5	3	<u>2</u>	5	3	<u>7</u>	
<u>3</u>	2	1	<u>3</u>	7	4	<u>12</u>	
							<u>4</u> 7
<u>3</u>	7	4	<u>1</u>	7	4	<u>11</u>	
<u>2</u>	5	3	<u>2</u>	12	7	<u>19</u>	
							<u>7</u> 12
<u>2</u>	12	7	<u>1</u>	12	7	<u>18</u>	
<u>1</u>	7	4	<u>1</u>	19	11	<u>31</u>	

Brun algorithm with 8ve = 50 and 5th = 29
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8ve <u>50</u>			5th <u>29</u>			8ve <u>50</u>			5th <u>29</u>	MOS	Freshy Difference
						<u>50</u>	1	0		1	
						<u>29</u>	0	1		1	$\frac{0}{1}$
<u>50</u>	1	0				<u>21</u>	1	0		1	
<u>29</u>	0	1				<u>29</u>	1	1		2	$\frac{1}{1}$
<u>29</u>	1	1				<u>8</u>	1	1		2	$\frac{1}{2}$
<u>21</u>	1	0				<u>21</u>	2	1		3	$\frac{1}{2}$
<u>21</u>	2	1				<u>13</u>	2	1		3	$\frac{1}{2}$
<u>8</u>	1	1				<u>8</u>	3	2		5	$\frac{1}{2}$
<u>13</u>	2	1				<u>5</u>	2	1		4	$\frac{3}{5}$
<u>8</u>	3	2				<u>8</u>	5	3		7	$\frac{4}{7}$
<u>8</u>	5	3				<u>3</u>	5	3		7	$\frac{7}{12}$
<u>5</u>	2	1				<u>5</u>	7	4		12	$\frac{11}{19}$
<u>5</u>	7	4	diesis			<u>2</u>	7	4		11	
<u>3</u>	5	3				<u>3</u>	12	7		19	
<u>3</u>	12	7				<u>1</u>	12	7		18	
<u>2</u>	7	4				<u>2</u>	19	11		31	
<u>2</u>	19	11				<u>1</u>	19	11		29	
<u>1</u>	12	7				<u>1</u>	31	18		50	

12/41

2 41 12
1 65 19

1 41 12
1 106 31

43/147

Brun's Algorithm applied to; 8ve=69, 5th=40

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	<u>8ve</u> <u>69</u>	<u>5th</u> <u>40</u>		<u>69</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>MOS</u>	<u>Fr. Dif</u>
<u>69</u>			<u>69</u>	1	0	1	
<u>40</u>			<u>40</u>	0	1	1	$\frac{0}{1}$
<u>69</u>	1	0	<u>29</u>	1	0	1	
<u>40</u>	0	1	<u>40</u>	1	1	2	$\frac{1}{1}$
<u>40</u>	1	1	<u>11</u>	1	1	2	
<u>29</u>	1	0	<u>29</u>	2	1	3	$\frac{1}{2}$
<u>29</u>	2	1	<u>18</u>	2	1	3	
<u>11</u>	1	1	<u>11</u>	3	2	5	$\frac{1}{2}$
<u>18</u>	2	1	<u>7</u>	2	1	4	
<u>11</u>	3	2	<u>11</u>	5	3	7	$\frac{3}{5}$
<u>11</u>	5	3	<u>4</u>	5	3	7	
<u>7</u>	2	1	<u>7</u>	7	4	12	$\frac{4}{7}$
<u>7</u>	7	4	<u>3</u>	7	4	11	
<u>4</u>	5	3	<u>4</u>	12	7	19	$\frac{7}{12}$
<u>4</u>	12	7	<u>1</u>	12	7	18	
<u>3</u>	7	4	<u>3</u>	19	11	31	$\frac{11}{19}$
<u>3</u>	19	11	<u>2</u>	19	11	29	
<u>1</u>	12	7	<u>1</u>	31	18	50	$\frac{11}{19}$
<u>2</u>	19	11	<u>1</u>	19	11	40	
<u>1</u>	31	18	<u>1</u>	50	29	69	

Viggo Brun's Algorithm applied to; 8ve = 88, 5th = 51
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8ve <u>88</u>			5th <u>51</u>			8ve <u>88</u>			5th <u>51</u>			<u>MOS</u>	<u>Dif</u>
						<u>88</u>	1	0				<u>1</u>	
						<u>51</u>	0	1				<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>
													<u>1</u>
<u>88</u>	1	0				<u>37</u>	1	0				<u>1</u>	
<u>51</u>	0	1				<u>51</u>	1	1				<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>
													<u>1</u>
<u>51</u>	1	1				<u>14</u>	1	1				<u>2</u>	
<u>37</u>	1	0				<u>37</u>	2	1				<u>3</u>	<u>1</u>
													<u>2</u>
<u>37</u>	2	1				<u>23</u>	2	1				<u>3</u>	
<u>14</u>	1	1				<u>14</u>	3	2				<u>5</u>	<u>1</u>
													<u>2</u>
<u>23</u>	2	1				<u>9</u>	2	1				<u>4</u>	
<u>14</u>	3	2				<u>14</u>	5	3				<u>7</u>	<u>3</u>
													<u>5</u>
<u>14</u>	5	3				<u>5</u>	5	3				<u>7</u>	
<u>9</u>	2	1				<u>9</u>	7	4				<u>12</u>	<u>4</u>
													<u>7</u>
<u>9</u>	7	4				<u>4</u>	7	4				<u>11</u>	
<u>5</u>	5	3				<u>5</u>	12	7				<u>19</u>	<u>7</u>
													<u>12</u>
<u>5</u>	12	7				<u>1</u>	12	7				<u>18</u>	
<u>4</u>	7	4				<u>4</u>	19	11				<u>31</u>	<u>11</u>
													<u>19</u>
<u>4</u>	19	11				<u>3</u>	19	11				<u>29</u>	
<u>1</u>	12	7				<u>1</u>	31	18				<u>50</u>	<u>11</u>
													<u>19</u>
<u>3</u>	19	11				<u>2</u>	19	11				<u>40</u>	
<u>1</u>	31	18				<u>1</u>	50	29				<u>69</u>	<u>11</u>
													<u>19</u>
<u>2</u>	19	11				<u>1</u>	19	11				<u>51</u>	
<u>1</u>	50	29				<u>1</u>	69	40				<u>88</u>	

Viggo Brun Algoritmer og $8ve = 137$, Subminor 3rd = 31
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	<u>8ve</u> <u>137</u>	<u>Sub-3rd</u> <u>31</u>		<u>8ve</u> <u>137</u>	<u>Sub-3rd</u> <u>31</u>	<u>Mos</u>	<u>Dif.</u>
				<u>137</u>	1	0	$\frac{1}{1}$
				<u>31</u>	0	1	$\frac{1}{1}$
<u>137</u>	1	0	↙	<u>106</u>	1	0	$\frac{1}{2}$
<u>31</u>	0	1	→	<u>31</u>	1	1	$\frac{0}{1}$
<u>106</u>	1	0		<u>75</u>	1	0	$\frac{1}{3}$
<u>31</u>	1	1		<u>31</u>	2	1	$\frac{0}{1}$
<u>75</u>	1	0		<u>44</u>	1	0	$\frac{1}{4}$
<u>31</u>	2	1		<u>31</u>	3	1	$\frac{0}{1}$
<u>44</u>	1	0		<u>13</u>	1	0	$\frac{1}{5}$
<u>31</u>	3	1		<u>31</u>	4	1	$\frac{1}{4}$
<u>31</u>	4	1		<u>18</u>	4	1	$\frac{1}{4}$
<u>13</u>	1	0		<u>13</u>	5	1	$\frac{2}{9}$
<u>18</u>	4	1		<u>5</u>	4	1	$\frac{3}{13}$
<u>13</u>	5	1		<u>13</u>	9	2	$\frac{2}{9}$
<u>13</u>	9	2		<u>8</u>	9	2	$\frac{5}{22}$
<u>5</u>	4	1		<u>5</u>	13	3	$\frac{2}{9}$
<u>8</u>	9	2		<u>3</u>	9	2	$\frac{5}{22}$
<u>5</u>	13	3		<u>5</u>	22	5	$\frac{7}{31}$
<u>5</u>	22	5		<u>2</u>	22	5	$\frac{12}{53}$
<u>3</u>	9	2		<u>3</u>	31	7	$\frac{7}{31}$

	<u>ave.</u> <u>137</u>	<u>Sub-3rd.</u> <u>31</u>		<u>ave</u> <u>137</u>	<u>Sub-3rd.</u> <u>31</u>	<u>MOS</u>	<u>Dif.</u>
<u>3</u>	31	7	<u>1</u>	31	7	<u>19</u>	
<u>2</u>	22	5	<u>2</u>	53	12	<u>84</u>	
							<u>12</u>
<u>2</u>	53	12	<u>1</u>	53	12	<u>31</u>	<u>53</u>
<u>1</u>	31	7	<u>1</u>	84	19	<u>137</u>	

One may wish to calculate the proportional Triad of the above?

				$\frac{c}{8}$			$\frac{a}{4}$						$\frac{b}{2}$	
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1				$\frac{15}{8}$			3							9

$$\frac{a}{4} = \left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}$$

$$\frac{c}{8} = \left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^{\left(\frac{2}{7}\right)}$$

$$\frac{a+b}{2} = c$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right)}{8} = \left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^{\left(\frac{2}{7}\right)}$$

But as you see I am faltering. This is difficult for me to do.

freshman
Difference

8ve.
140

m3rd.
37

8ve
140

m3rd.
37

MOS

140

37

1	0
0	1

$\frac{1}{1}$

$\frac{0}{1}$

140

1

0

37

0

1

103

1

0

37

1

1

$\frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{0}{1}$

103

1

0

37

1

1

66

1

0

37

2

1

$\frac{1}{3}$

$\frac{0}{1}$

66

1

0

37

2

1

29

1

0

37

3

1

$\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{1}{3}$

37

3

1

29

1

0

8

3

1

29

4

1

$\frac{2}{7}$

$\frac{1}{4}$

29

4

1

8

3

1

21

4

1

8

7

2

$\frac{3}{11}$

$\frac{1}{4}$

21

4

1

8

7

2

13

4

1

8

11

3

$\frac{4}{15}$

$\frac{1}{4}$

13

4

1

8

11

3

5

4

1

8

15

4

$\frac{5}{19}$

$\frac{4}{15}$

8

15

4

5

4

1

3

15

4

5

19

5

$\frac{9}{34}$

$\frac{5}{19}$

5

19

5

3

15

4

2

19

5

3

34

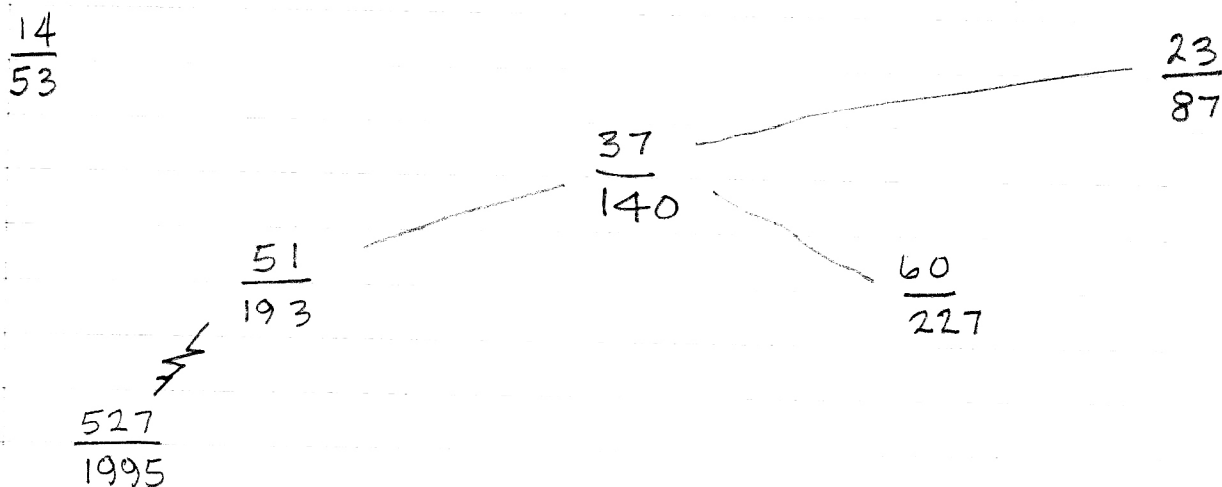
9

$\frac{14}{53}$

$\frac{9}{34}$

<u>8ve</u> <u>140</u>	<u>m3rd.</u> <u>37</u>		<u>8ve</u> <u>140</u>	<u>m3rd.</u> <u>37</u>	<u>MOS</u>	<u>Freshman</u> <u>Difference</u>
<u>3</u>	34	9	<u>1</u>	34	9	$\begin{array}{r} 23 \\ 87 \\ \hline \downarrow \\ 37 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 14 \\ 53 \\ \hline \end{array}$
<u>2</u>	19	5	<u>2</u>	53	14	
<u>2</u>	53	14	<u>1</u>	53	14	
<u>1</u>	34	9	<u>1</u>	87	23	

To continue the MOS pattern make a Peirce Sequence (Scale-Tree) from the Peirce triplet $\frac{14}{53} \frac{37}{140} \frac{23}{87}$.
Thus; to see what options are open.



$(34 \times 53) + 193 = \underline{1995}$, which has a very accurate 5th*, and as I will show next page duplicates the MOS to $37/140$, and continues the series (in the direction of a more accurate 5th). *This Brun application cannot recognize the accurate 5th — by the way. I do that using the Scale-Tree. The name-of-the-game is to divide the 12th into 6 parts. Where 8ve = 1995, 5th = 1167 then $1,995 + 1,167 = 3,162 \div 6 = \underline{527}$ the generator. This is Larry Hanson's way of tuning.

Brun Algorithm with 8ve = 147 and Neutral 3rd = 43
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	8ve. <u>147</u>	N.3rd. <u>43</u>		8ve. <u>441</u>	N.3rd. <u>129</u>	MOS	Difference
				<u>147</u>	1	0	
				<u>43</u>	0	1	
			↖			1/1	
<u>147</u>	1	0		<u>104</u>	1	0	
<u>43</u>	0	1	→	<u>43</u>	1	1	0/1
			↖			1/2	
<u>104</u>	1	0		<u>61</u>	1	0	
<u>43</u>	1	1	→	<u>43</u>	2	1	0/1
			↖			1/3	
<u>61</u>	1	0		<u>18</u>	1	0	
<u>43</u>	2	1		<u>43</u>	3	1	0/1
			↖			1/4	
<u>43</u>	3	1		<u>25</u>	3	1	
<u>18</u>	1	0		<u>18</u>	4	1	1/3
			↖			2/7	
<u>25</u>	3	1		<u>7</u>	3	1	
<u>18</u>	4	1		<u>18</u>	7	2	1/3
			↖			3/10	
<u>18</u>	7	2		<u>11</u>	7	2	
<u>7</u>	3	1		<u>7</u>	10	3	2/7
			↖			5/17	
<u>11</u>	7	2		<u>3</u>	7	2	
<u>7</u>	10	3		<u>7</u>	17	5	2/7
			↖			7/24	
<u>7</u>	17	5		<u>3</u>	17	5	
<u>3</u>	7	2		<u>4</u>	24	7	5/17
			↖			12/41	
<u>4</u>	24	7		<u>1</u>	24	7	
<u>3</u>	17	5		<u>3</u>	41	12	7/24
			↖			19/65	
<u>3</u>	41	12		<u>2</u>	41	12	
<u>1</u>	24	7		<u>1</u>	65	19	12/41
			↖			31/106	

Bron algorithm with 8ve=171 and Fifth=100, (a-b)
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	8ve <u>171</u>	5th <u>100</u>		8ve <u>171</u>	5th <u>100</u>	MOS Indicator	difference (0/1)
(a) <u>171</u>	1	0	(1/1)	<u>71</u>	1	0	
(b) <u>100</u>	0	1		<u>100</u>	1	1	
							1/1
<u>100</u>	1	1		<u>29</u>	1	1	
<u>71</u>	1	0		<u>71</u>	2	1	2/3
							1/1
<u>71</u>	2	1		<u>42</u>	2	1	
<u>29</u>	1	1		<u>29</u>	3	2	3/5
							1/2
<u>42</u>	2	1		<u>13</u>	2	1	
<u>29</u>	3	2		<u>29</u>	5	3	4/7
							3/5
<u>29</u>	5	3		<u>16</u>	5	3	
<u>13</u>	2	1		<u>13</u>	7	4	7/12
							3/5
<u>16</u>	5	3		<u>3</u>	5	3	
<u>13</u>	7	4		<u>13</u>	12	7	10/17
							7/12
<u>13</u>	12	7		<u>10</u>	12	7	
<u>3</u>	5	3		<u>3</u>	17	10	17/29
							7/12
<u>10</u>	12	7		<u>7</u>	12	7	
<u>3</u>	17	10		<u>3</u>	29	17	24/41
							7/12
<u>7</u>	12	7		<u>4</u>	12	7	
<u>3</u>	29	17		<u>3</u>	41	24	31/53
							7/12
<u>4</u>	12	7		<u>1</u>	12	7	
<u>3</u>	41	24		<u>3</u>	53	31	38/65
							31/53

8ve.
171

5th.
100

3 53 31
1 12 7

2 53 31
1 65 38

8ve.
171

5th.
100

2 53 31
1 65 38

1 53 31
1 118 69

69/118

31/53

100/171

<u>8ve.</u> <u>1995</u>	<u>m3rd</u> <u>527</u>	<u>8ve</u> <u>1995</u>	<u>m3rd</u> <u>527</u>	<u>MOS</u>	<u>Dif</u>
		<u>1995</u>	1	0	$\frac{1}{1}$
		<u>527</u>	0	1	$\frac{0}{1}$
<u>1995</u>	1	0			
<u>527</u>	0	1			
		<u>1468</u>	1	0	$\frac{1}{2}$
		<u>527</u>	1	1	$\frac{0}{1}$
<u>1468</u>	1	0			
<u>527</u>	1	1			
		<u>941</u>	1	0	$\frac{1}{3}$
		<u>527</u>	2	1	$\frac{0}{1}$
<u>941</u>	1	0			
<u>527</u>	2	1			
		<u>414</u>	1	0	$\frac{1}{4}$
		<u>527</u>	3	1	$\frac{1}{3}$
<u>527</u>	3	1			
<u>414</u>	1	0			
		<u>113</u>	3	1	$\frac{2}{7}$
		<u>414</u>	4	1	$\frac{1}{4}$
<u>414</u>	4	1			
<u>113</u>	3	1			
		<u>301</u>	4	1	$\frac{3}{11}$
		<u>113</u>	7	2	$\frac{1}{4}$
<u>301</u>	4	1			
<u>113</u>	7	2			
		<u>188</u>	4	1	$\frac{4}{15}$
		<u>113</u>	11	3	$\frac{1}{4}$
<u>188</u>	4	1			
<u>113</u>	11	3			
		<u>75</u>	4	1	$\frac{5}{19}$
		<u>113</u>	15	4	$\frac{4}{15}$
<u>113</u>	15	4			
<u>75</u>	4	1			
		<u>38</u>	15	4	$\frac{9}{34}$
		<u>75</u>	19	5	$\frac{5}{19}$
<u>75</u>	19	5			
<u>38</u>	15	4			
		<u>37</u>	19	5	$\frac{14}{53}$
		<u>38</u>	34	9	$\frac{9}{34}$

8ve.
1995

m3rd.
527

8ve.
1995

m3rd.
527

38

34

9

1

34

9

23

37

19

5

37

53

14

87

14

53

37

53

14

36

53

14

37

1

34

9

1

87

23

140

14

53

36

53

14

35

53

14

51

1

87

23

1

140

37

193

35

etc

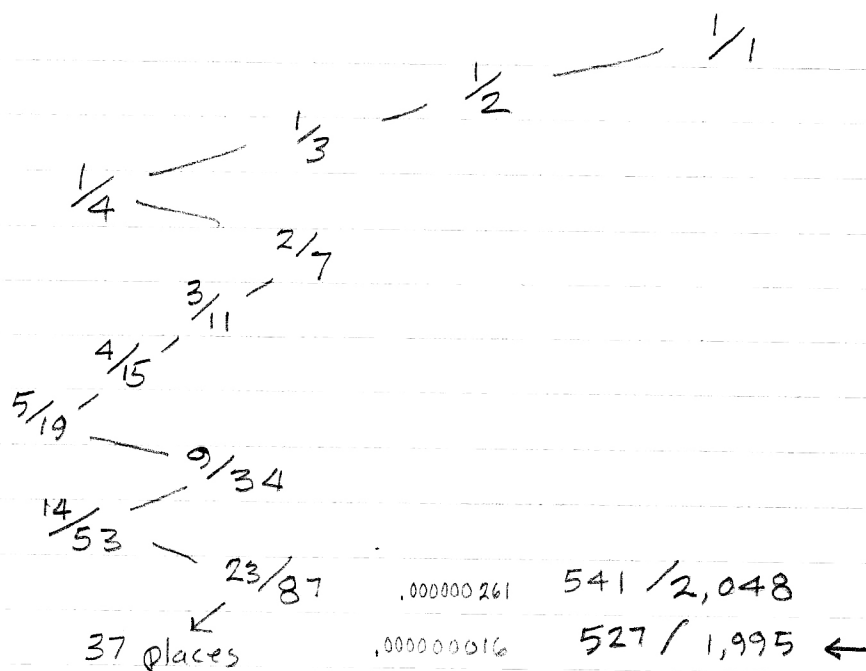
1

$$527/1995 = \underline{.264160401003}$$

1/16

←	3	.785
→	1	.272
←	3	.663
→	1	.506
←	1	.973
→	1	.027
	37	.000

9/1



1/6 Kleisma tuning at .264160416787

1/16

	3	.785
	1	.272
	3	.663
	1	.506
	1	.973
	1	.027
	36	.9372834
	1	.066
?	14	.944
	1	.058
	17	.